Annexure-II

Certificate for compliance to para 3.2.5 of the Consolidated FDI Policy Circular April 2014 (in respect of Limited Liability Partnerships)

This is to certify that the provisions of Para 3.2.5 of the Consolidated FDI Policy Circular of April 2014 have either been complied with and will be complied with on an on-going basis.

(Signatures of Designated partners)

- 3.2.5 **FDI** in Limited Liability Partnerships (LLPs): FDI in LLPs is permitted, subject to the following conditions:
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- (a) FDI will be allowed, through the Government approval route, only in LLPs operating in sectors/activities where 100% FDI is allowed, through the automatic route and there are no FDI-linked performance conditions (such as 'Non Banking Finance Companies' or 'Development of Townships, Housing, Built-up infrastructure and Construction-development projects' etc.).
- (b) LLPs with FDI will not be allowed to operate in agricultural/plantation activity, print media or real estate business.
- (c) An Indian company, having FDI, will be permitted to make downstream investment in an LLP only if both-the company, as well as the LLP- are operating in sectors where 100% FDI is allowed, through the automatic route and there are no FDI-linked performance conditions.
- (d) LLPs with FDI will not be eligible to make any downstream investments.
- (e) Foreign Capital participation in LLPs will be allowed only by way of cash consideration, received by inward remittance, through normal banking channels or by debit to NRE/FCNR account of the person concerned, maintained with an authorized dealer/authorized bank.
- (f) Investment in LLPs by Foreign Portfolio Investors (FPIs) and Foreign Venture Capital Investors (FVCIs) will not be permitted. LLPs will also not be permitted to avail External Commercial Borrowings (ECBs).
- (g) In case the LLP with FDI has a body corporate that is a designated partner or nominates an individual to act as a designated partner in accordance with the provisions of Section 7 of the LLP Act, 2008, such a body corporate should only be a company registered in India under the Companies Act, 1956 and not any other body, such as an LLP or a trust.
- (h) For such LLPs, the designated partner "resident in India", as defined under the 'Explanation' to Section 7(1) of the LLP Act, 2008, would also have to satisfy the definition of "person resident in India", as prescribed under Section 2(v)(i) of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999.
- (i) The designated partners will be responsible for compliance with all the above conditions and also liable for all penalties imposed on the LLP for their contravention, if any.
- (j) Conversion of a company with FDI, into an LLP, will be allowed only if the above stipulations (except clause 3.2.5(e) which would be optional in case of a company) are met and with the prior approval of FIPB/Government.

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(i). (j)